

Through the Departments of Animal Husbandry, Field Crops, Poultry, Agricultural Engineering, Animal Nutrition, Extension, Horticulture, Dairying, Apiculture, Chemistry, Botany, Entomology, Bacteriology, and Economics, an active relationship is maintained with the farmers and a valuable, helpful service is rendered to them on the many problems confronting agriculture.

### **Manitoba.**

*Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.*—Members of the Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics attempt to promote the interests of agriculture in Manitoba through correspondence with farmers, through demonstrations to visiting farmer groups, through press articles and bulletins, and through instruction to long-course students in the degree and University School of Agriculture classes as well as to students who attend the various short courses offered from time to time during the year.

During the year 1938-39 approximately 15,000 letters and telephone calls were answered by the agricultural members of the Faculty. These inquiries had to do with an extremely varied set of topics, relating to the selection and management of field crops, weed control, the selection and feeding of farm animals including poultry, insect control on field crops, garden crops, trees and farm animals, milk and its products, types of soils and their management, diseases of farm animals, farm buildings, fur farming, etc.

During the year many groups of farmers as well as individual farmers visited the University. Among the organized groups that visited the agricultural departments in 1938-39 were the Junior Seed Growers, Boys' and Girls' Clubs, Women's Institutes, Dairy Cattle Breeders, Poultry Breeders, Seed Growers, Farmers' Groups, Vegetable Growers, Youth Training Groups, Manitoba Agronomists, and Manitoba Loan Inspectors' Association and Appraisal Institute of Canada.

Agricultural members of the Faculty prepared or took a part in preparing twenty-two articles and reports during the year 1938-39. Thirty-one radio talks were delivered during that period. Faculty members attended many agricultural meetings at country points during the year.

Farmers and others interested in special phases of agriculture have an opportunity of attending numerous short courses offered throughout each winter. Ten of these were offered during the 1938-39 session on poultry, beekeeping, dairying, farm equipment repairs, field crops, fur farming, horticulture, etc.

Researches are being carried out in Animal Science, Bacteriology and Animal Pathology, Dairying, Entomology, Plant Science, and Soils. A detailed survey has been made of approximately ten and one-half million acres located largely in the southern part of the Province.

The Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics enrolled 412 men and women in the degree courses in Agriculture and Home Economics and 89 students in the University School of Agriculture and Homemakers' Course in the session 1938-39.

### **Saskatchewan.**

*College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.*—The College of Agriculture occupies a central place in the agricultural life of the Province. On the academic side it offers a four-year course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture (B.S.A.) and a two-year course of five months each winter leading to a Diploma in the School of Agriculture. Through its investigations the